The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A semiconductor device comprising:
- an antenna:
- an integrated circuit comprising a thin film transistor;
- a light-receiving element; and
- a light-emitting element.

wherein the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element each have a layer for conducting photoelectric conversion using a non-single crystal thin film, [[and]]

wherein the integrated circuit includes a power supply circuit configured to generate a power supply voltage by using an alternating voltage generated by the antenna and

wherein the antenna, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are electrically connected to the integrated circuit on the same substrate.

- 2. (Currently Amended) A semiconductor device comprising:
- an antenna;
- an integrated circuit comprising a thin film transistor;
- a light-receiving element; and
- a light-emitting element,

wherein the antenna, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are electrically connected to the integrated circuit, [[and]]

wherein the integrated circuit includes a power supply circuit configured to generate a power supply voltage by using an alternating voltage generated by the antenna. and

wherein the integrated circuit, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are formed on the same substrate

- 3. (Currently Amended) A semiconductor device comprising:
- an antenna:
- an integrated circuit comprising a thin film transistor:
- a light-receiving element; and
- a light-emitting element.

wherein the antenna, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are electrically connected to the integrated circuit, [[and]]

wherein the integrated circuit includes a power supply circuit configured to generate a power supply voltage by using an alternating voltage generated by the antenna, and

wherein the antenna, the integrated circuit, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are formed on the same substrate.

- (Currently Amended) A semiconductor device comprising:
- an integrated circuit;
- a light-receiving element; and
- a light-emitting element.

wherein the integrated circuit comprises a connection terminal, a rectification circuit that generates power supply voltage from configured to rectify an alternating current signal that is input to the connection terminal voltage generated by an antenna. a power supply circuit configured to generate a power supply voltage by using a voltage outputted from the rectification circuit, a demodulation circuit, and a logic circuit, and

wherein the integrated circuit, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are formed on the same substrate.

- (Currently Amended) A semiconductor device comprising: an antenna:
- an integrated circuit comprising a thin film transistor;
- a light-receiving element; and
- a light-emitting element,

wherein the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element each have a layer for conducting photoelectric conversion using a non-single crystal thin film,

wherein the antenna, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are electrically connected to the integrated circuit,

wherein the integrated circuit, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are formed over a first substrate and then separated therefrom, and attached to a second substrate with an adhesive agent, and

wherein the integrated circuit, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are formed on the second substrate.

wherein the integrated circuit includes a power supply circuit configured to generate a power supply voltage by using an alternating voltage generated by the antenna.

6. (Currently Amended) A semiconductor device comprising:

an antenna:

an integrated circuit comprising a thin film transistor;

- a light-receiving element; and
- a light-emitting element,

wherein the antenna, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are electrically connected to the integrated circuit,

wherein the integrated circuit, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are formed over a first substrate and then separated therefrom, and attached to a second substrate with an adhesive agent, and

wherein the integrated circuit, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are formed on the second substrate.

wherein the integrated circuit includes a power supply circuit configured to generate a power supply voltage by using an alternating voltage generated by the antenna.

7. (Currently Amended) A semiconductor device comprising:

an antenna:

an integrated circuit comprising a thin film transistor;

a light-receiving element; and

a light-emitting element,

wherein the antenna, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are electrically connected to the integrated circuit,

wherein the antenna, the integrated circuit, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are formed over a first substrate and then separated therefrom, and attached to a second substrate with an adhesive agent, and

wherein the integrated circuit, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are formed on the second substrate.

wherein the integrated circuit includes a power supply circuit configured to generate a power supply voltage by using an alternating voltage generated by the antenna.

- 8. (Currently Amended) A semiconductor device comprising:
- an integrated circuit;
- a light-receiving element; and
- a light-emitting element,

wherein the integrated circuit comprises a connection terminal, a rectification circuit that generates power supply voltage from configured to rectify an alternating current signal that is input to the connection-terminal voltage generated by an antenna, a power supply circuit configured to generate a power supply voltage by using a voltage outputted from the rectification circuit, a

wherein the integrated circuit, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are formed integrally, <u>and</u>

wherein the integrated circuit, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are formed over a first substrate and then separated therefrom, and attached to a second substrate with an adhesive agent,—and

wherein the integrated circuit, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are formed on the second substrate.

- (Currently Amended) The semiconductor device according to any one of Claims 5 to 8, wherein the first-substrate is a glass-substrate and the second substrate is a plastic substrate.
 - 10. (Currently Amended) An IC card comprising:

an antenna;

an integrated circuit comprising a thin film transistor:

a light-receiving element; and

a light-emitting element,

wherein the antenna, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are electrically connected to the integrated circuit, [[and]]

wherein the integrated circuit includes a power supply circuit configured to generate a power supply voltage by using an alternating voltage generated by the antenna, and

wherein the integrated circuit, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are formed on the same substrate.

- 11. (Previously Presented) The IC card according to claim 10, wherein the antenna, the integrated circuit, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are formed on the same substrate.
 - 12. (Currently Amended) An IC card comprising:
 - an integrated circuit;
 - a light-receiving element; and
 - a light-emitting element,

wherein the integrated circuit comprises a connection terminal, a rectification circuit that generates power supply voltage from configured to rectify an alternating current signal that is input to the connection terminal voltage generated by an antenna, a power supply circuit configured to generate a power supply voltage by using a voltage outputted from the rectification circuit, a demodulation circuit, and a logic circuit, and

wherein the integrated circuit, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are formed on the same substrate.

13. (Currently Amended) An IC card comprising:

an antenna:

an integrated circuit comprising a thin film transistor;

a light-receiving element; and

a light-emitting element,

wherein the antenna, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are electrically connected to the integrated circuit,

wherein the integrated circuit, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are formed over a first substrate and then separated therefrom, and attached to a second substrate with an adhesive agent, [[and]]

wherein the integrated circuit, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are formed on the second substrate.

wherein the integrated circuit includes a power supply circuit configured to generate a power supply voltage by using an alternating voltage generated by the antenna.

- 14. (Currently Amended) The IC card according to claim 13, wherein the antenna and the integrated circuit in addition to the light-emitting element and the lightreceiving element are formed over the first substrate and then separated therefrom, and attached to the second substrate with an adhesive agent.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The IC card according to claim 12, wherein the integrated circuit, the light-emitting element and the light-receiving element are formed over a first substrate and then separated therefrom, and attached to a second substrate with an adhesive agent.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The IC card according to any one of Claims 13 to 15, wherein the first substrate is a glass substrate and the second substrate is a plastic substrate.